Colonial Leaders

Characteristics of	<u>settlements</u>
★ 70 yrs avg	
★ child average	
★ Avg age at marriage - 22 f / 27 m	
Self taught scholar	
Chosen governor of Plymouth 30 times in yearly elections	
Worried about "" corrupting Separatists beli	iefs
Massachusetts Bay:	
Wealthy attorney and lord in England	
Puritan / not a Pilgrim	
1st governor of MA	
Serves for 19 yrs	
Leader through the 1630's including the "	
Rhode Island:	
Puritan "rebel"	
Argued for a full break with Anglican Church	
Argued for separation of church and state	
Condemned Puritan leaders for not dealing fairly with the Inc	dians
Found guilty of preaching "new and dangerous ideas"	
Fled to RI to establish competing colony	
Helped by Narragansett Indians in establishing Providence	
Allows and c	omplete religious freedom
RI becomes known as "" by the Purita	ans
Intelligent, strong-willed, well-spoken	
Threat to Patriarchal control	
God's grace overrides any mo	
Just because you follow the law doesn't mean you get into h	neaven
Put on trial for in 1638	
Says she received her beliefs directly from God	
Was banished - Where would she go?	
Killed by a band of Indians in NY - Winthrop said this was G	od's Justice

Connecticut:		
Also disagreed w/ Winthrop's leadership		
Leaves MA headed south on the CT Rive	er in 1639	
Founds Hartford, Connecticut		
Begins		
Becomes its own colony in 1662		
New Hampshire:		
Defends Hutchinson's views	_	
Forced to leave MA by Winthrop		
Founds	in 1638	
Becomes its own colony in 1680		
"" to wh	ites	
First real native resistance since Pequot	Wars in the 1630's	
Massasoit's son - united NE tribes to		
Destroyed white settlements pushing the	m back to Boston	
Native success short lived as thousands	are killed in response	
Metacom beheaded, drawn and quartere	ed, and his family was solo	d into slavery
Early Leaders of the English Colonies		
Characteristics of_		<u>settlements</u>
* ,		than NE
★ "" colonies	s = wheat, corn, rye	
New Netherlands:		
Put in charge of growing New Netherland	d colony	
Added land by taking over New Sweden		
Blocks fr		
Charles II tells his brother Duke of York,	"	
Citizens tired of harsh rule from Stu and	surrender without a shot f	ïred

New Jersey:	
&	_
The Duke of York gave the southern lands to his buds w	ho name the area after Jersey, England
They treat the Dutch fairly and most choose to stay	
To entice settlers they offer	_
Pennsylvania:	
Charles II owed \$ to Penn family and paid in land	
Name means ""	
Wanted a refuge for his people - "	
Persecuted in England for beliefs	
All are = in the eyes of God	
No slavery	
Freedom of speech, religion, and trial by jury	
No FIGHTING	
Had the most	
Citizens of	
Got tired of having to travel all the way to Philadelphia fo	or town meetings, so they asked Penn if they
could make their own colony and he said yes	
Characteristics of	<u>Settlements</u>
★ Indentured servants	
★ worked large plantations	
★ Fertile soil,,	_, and
★ Largest cities - Charleston, Savannah, Baltimore	
Maryland:	
Charles II gives Maryland to	<u> </u>
He dies and his son takes the title of Lord Baltimore	
Catholics persecuted in England needed a safe haven	
Established for Catholics, but allowed all Christians to se	ettle
The Carolinas:	
Started as an experiment in social classes	
Otalica do an experiment in occidi diacocc	

head	ed South for deep water ports
Known for slavery and plan	itations
stay i	in the North
Small tobacco farms	
Georgia:	
Wanted a place for	to get a fresh start
Put into prisons for not pay	ing debts
Provides	from Spanish Florida and eased crowded prisons
Originally banned	
Colony does not grow rapid	dly because of this